

## Key Style Points: Table of Contents

- 1 The table of contents starts with the first chapter of the book. Front matter material, e.g., the preface, is not listed in the table of contents.
- 2 Chapter numbers, if any, are always Arabic numerals (Chap. 1, Chap. 2...), part numbers are Roman numerals (Part I, Part II...).
- 3 If chapters are numbered, they are numbered consecutively throughout the book, not starting anew with each part.
  - ▶ An introduction to the subject of the book (historical background, definitions, or methodology) appears as the first chapter and therefore is included in the chapter numbering, i.e., "Chapter 1".
  - ▶ If a book is divided into parts, there can only be one chapter before the first part.
- 4 For monographs the part and chapter titles and the first two levels of headings appearing in chapters are included.
- 5 For contributed works usually only chapter titles and author names are included.
- 6 The References section at the end of a chapter is not numbered.

### Contributed Volume

<b>Contents</b>		4
1	<b>Introduction</b> . . . . .	1 3
	Jan Schildmann, Verena Sandow, Oliver Rauprich and Jochen Vollmann	
2	<b>Part I Historical and Socio-Cultural Contexts in Medical Research</b>	
3	<b>British Responses to Nazi Medical War Crimes</b> . . . . .	7
	Fiona McClenaghan	
	<b>History and its Relevance in the Development and Teaching of Research Ethics</b> . . . . .	19
	Rael D. Strous	
5	<b>Human Embryo Research and Islamic Bioethics: A View from Iran</b> . . . . .	29
	Mansoor Saniei	
	<b>From Farming to Pharming: Transcending of Bodily Existence as a Question of Medical Ethics in an Intercultural Context</b> . . . . .	43
	Axel Siegemund	
	<b>Part II Considerations on Ethical and Legal Regulations for Medical Research</b>	
	<b>Rethinking the Therapeutic Obligation in Clinical Research</b> . . . . .	55
	Nunziata Comoretto	
	v	

### Monograph

<b>Contents</b>		
1	<b>1 Introduction</b> . . . . .	1
2	1.1 General . . . . .	1
	1.2 Radiometric, Photometric, and Photonic Quantities and Units . . . . .	3
	1.3 Relationship Between Radiometric, Photometric, and Photonic Units . . . . .	8
	1.4 The Essential Features Required of Metrological Assurance for Radiometric Measurements . . . . .	9
	References . . . . .	10
4	<b>2 Radiation Sources in Radiometric Applications</b> . . . . .	11
	2.1 General . . . . .	11
	2.2 Calibrated Sources of Thermal Radiation . . . . .	11
	2.2.1 Planck's Law in Different Units . . . . .	13
	2.2.2 Radiation from True Bodies . . . . .	14
	2.2.3 The Brightness and Color Temperatures in Measurements with Strip Lamps . . . . .	17
	2.2.4 Quartz Tungsten-Halogen Lamps . . . . .	17
	2.3 Gas-Discharge Radiation Sources for the UV of $\lambda > 190$ nm . . . . .	20
	2.4 Gas-Discharge Radiation Sources for Vacuum UV of $\lambda > 115$ nm . . . . .	23
	2.5 Synchrotron Radiation . . . . .	24
	2.5.1 Calibration of Radiation Sources . . . . .	26
	2.5.2 Calibration of Photodetectors . . . . .	28
6	References . . . . .	29
	<b>3 Photodetectors in Radiometric Applications</b> . . . . .	31
	3.1 Classification of Photodetectors . . . . .	31
	3.2 Operational Features of Photodetectors . . . . .	32
	3.2.1 Photodetector Responsivity . . . . .	32
	3.2.2 Spectral Responsivity . . . . .	33
	3.2.3 Total Responsivity . . . . .	36
	ix	