

Estuaries and Coasts

Instructions for Authors

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

Estuaries and Coasts is the journal of the Coastal and Estuarine Research Federation (CERF). Begun in 1977 as Chesapeake Science, the journal has gradually expanded its scope and circulation. Today, the journal publishes scholarly manuscripts on estuarine and near coastal ecosystems at the interface between the land and the sea where there are tidal fluctuations or sea water is diluted by fresh water. The interface is broadly defined to include estuaries and nearshore coastal waters including lagoons, wetlands, tidal fresh water, shores and beaches, but not the continental shelf. The journal covers research on physical, chemical, geological or biological processes, as well as applications to management of estuaries and coasts. The journal publishes original research findings, reviews and perspectives, techniques, comments, and management applications. *Estuaries and Coasts* will consider properly carried out studies that present inconclusive findings or document a failed replication of previously published work. Submissions that are primarily descriptive, strongly place-based, or only report on development of models or new methods without detailing their applications fall outside the scope of the journal.

All types of articles published in *Estuaries and Coasts* are peer reviewed by at least two reviewers prior to publication. Manuscripts may be reviewed by peers with statistical expertise to ensure that data have been analyzed appropriately. Authors should ensure the appropriate interpretation of p-values, and advice can be found here: <https://www.nature.com/collections/qghhqm>.

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When submitting a revised manuscript from an earlier submission to *Estuaries and Coasts* you must also submit a letter detailing how the revision responds to each reviewer and editor comment and designating lines in the revised manuscript where edits are made.

TYPES OF ARTICLES

- **Original Reports** of research results follow the structure of Title and Author Information, Abstract, Introduction (highlighting research questions and hypotheses), Methods, Results, Discussion, Acknowledgements, and References. Tables and figure legends follow the main text.
- **Management Applications** papers demonstrate the application of estuarine and coastal research results (analogous to Original Reports) to address contemporary estuarine and coastal management, socioeconomic, and policy issues. The underlying science is expected to be at the level of Original Reports but illustrations and case studies of how it can be used to address real-world problems are the focus. Authors of prospective Management Application submissions may consider contacting the Co-Editors-in-Chief to assess whether their manuscript meets this scope.
- **Notes**, shorter reports of research results, follow the same structure as original reports of research and management applications.
- **Technical Communications** are commentaries on a report previously published in *Estuaries and Coasts* or elsewhere on a topic of interest to our readers. The author whose work is being discussed is given an opportunity to reply to the Technical Communication.
- **Perspectives in Estuarine and Coastal Science** are short papers (maximum 8 printed pages) intended to stimulate discussion of emerging areas of estuarine and coastal research. A maximum of one such paper is published per journal issue. These papers are solicited by the ESCO Reviews Editor, the Co-Editors-in-Chief or proposed to one of the Co-Editors-in-Chief through pre-submission inquiries by prospective authors. The Perspectives papers are published with free promotional access to the online version.

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The title page should include:

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- A concise and informative title
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- The e-mail address, telephone and fax numbers of the corresponding author

Abstract

Please provide an abstract of 150 to 250 words. The abstract should not contain any undefined abbreviations or unspecified references. The abstract should begin with motivation, questions or hypotheses, a summary of the results and end with significance of findings.

Keywords

Please provide 4 to 6 keywords that can be used for indexing purposes.

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- Use the table function, not spreadsheets, to make tables.
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- [LaTeX macro package \(zip, 182 kB\)](#)
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Footnotes to the text are numbered consecutively; those to tables should be indicated by superscript lower-case letters (or asterisks for significance values and other statistical data). Footnotes to the title or the authors of the article are not given reference symbols.

Always use footnotes instead of endnotes.

Acknowledgments

Acknowledgments of people, grants, funds, etc. should be placed in a separate section on the title page. The names of funding organizations should be written in full.

REFERENCES

Citation

Cite references in the text by name and year in parentheses. Some examples:

- Negotiation research spans many disciplines (Thompson 1990).
- This result was later contradicted by Becker and Seligman (1996).
- This effect has been widely studied (Abbott 1991; Barakat et al. 1995; Kelso and Smith 1998; Medvec et al. 1999).

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Reference list entries should be alphabetized by the last names of the first author of each work.

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Alber, J., D. C. O'Connell, and S. Kowal. 2002. Personal perspective in TV interviews. *Pragmatics* 12: 257–271.

- Article by DOI

Suleiman, C., D.C. O'Connell, and S. Kowal. 2002. If you and I, if we, in this later day, lose that sacred fire: Perspective in political interviews. *Journal of Psycholinguistic Research*. doi: 10.1023/A:1015592129296

- Book

Cameron, D. 1985. *Feminism and linguistic theory*. New York: St. Martin's Press.

- Book chapter

Cameron, D. 1997. Theoretical debates in feminist linguistics: Questions of sex and gender. In *Gender and discourse*, ed. R. Wodak, 99-119. London: Sage Publications.

- Online document

Frisch, M. 2007. Does a low-entropy constraint prevent us from influencing the past? PhilSci archive. <http://philsci-archive.pitt.edu/archive/00003390>. Accessed 26 June 2007.

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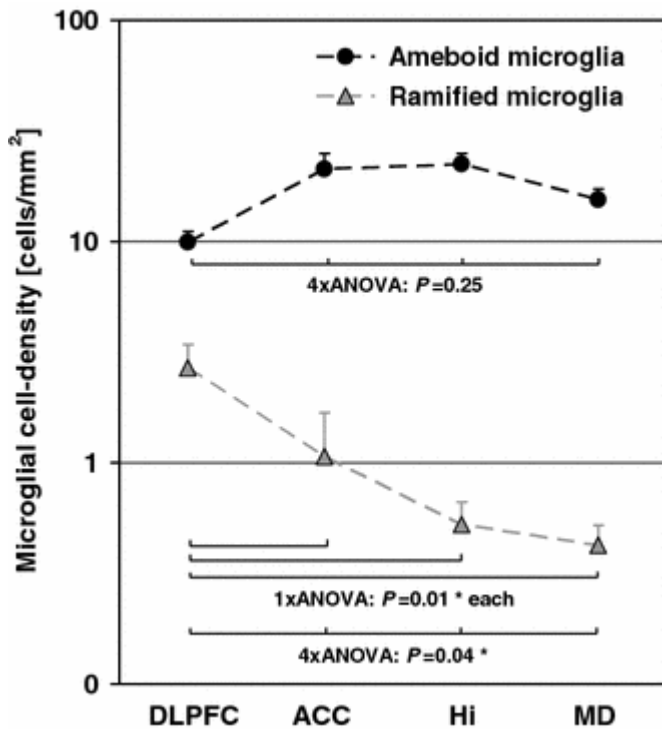
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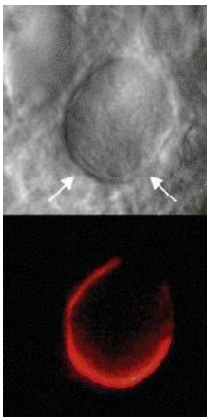
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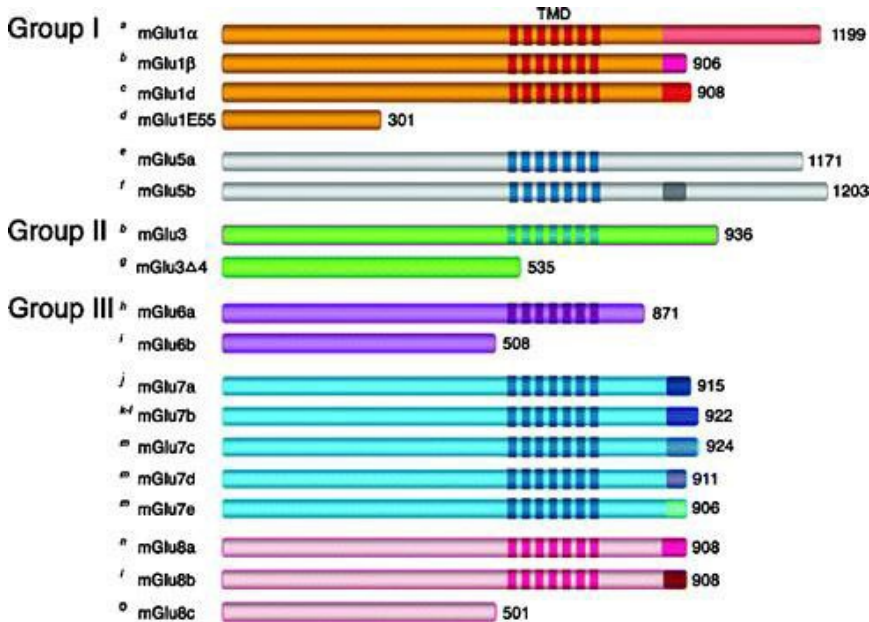
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