



Author information pack

Contents

| | |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Description | 1 |
| Editorial board..... | 2 |
| Guide for authors | 3 |
| After acceptance | 5 |
| Keyword list for specialty | 6 |

Description

Founded in 1992, Journal of Thermal Science is an international, multi-disciplinary journal of energy and power sciences. The journal is co-published by the Institute of Engineering Thermophysics, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Springer-Verlag and Science Press, and indexed by SCI and EI. The journal aims to set up an international platform for latest scientific and technological achievements and knowledge exchange, and to promote discipline development.

Review papers and scholarly research articles of high scientific/technical quality related to the development, advancement, and improved understanding of energy, power and environment sciences are sought.

Topics covered (not limited to):

- engineering thermodynamics, fluid mechanics, aerothermodynamics of internal flows, heat and mass transfer, combustion and reaction;
- sustainability of energy systems;
- energy conservation and storage;
- energy efficiency and climate change mitigation;
- renewable energy; nuclear energy;
- building, urban and distributed energy systems;
- cooling and refrigeration, heat pump;
- transport energy and emissions;
- operation, diagnostics and control of energy systems;
- energy policy and management.

Keyword list for specialty: To check your submission whether falls into the scope, please find the keyword list for specialty of the manuscript at the bottom of the file.

Editorial board

Editor-in-Chief

ZHU Junqiang, Institute of Engineering Thermophysics, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing, China;

Deputy Editor-in-Chief

CHEN Haisheng, Institute of Engineering Thermophysics, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing, China;

Executive Chief Editor

ZHANG Na, Institute of Engineering Thermophysics, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing, China;

Honary Editor-in-Chief

YU Shen, Institute of Engineering Thermophysics, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing, China;

Editorial Board Members

DENTON John, Engineering Department, University of Cambridge, Cambridge, United Kingdom

Ding Yulong, School of Chemical Engineering, University of Birmingham

DOERFFER Piotr, Institute of Fluid Flow Machinery, Polish Academy of Sciences, Gdansk, Poland

DOH Deog-Hee, Korea Maritime University, Busan, Korea

GIOVANNI Manente, Department of Industrial Engineering, University of Padova, Padova, Italy

GOLDFELD Marat, Khristianovich Institute of Theoretical and Applied Mechanics, Novosibirsk, Novosibirsk, Russia

HUAI Xiulan, Institute of Engineering Thermophysics, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing, China

JIA Li, Beijing Jiaotong University, Beijing, China

KIM Heuy-Dong, College of Engineering, Andong National University, Andong, Korea

LI Hongqiang, Hunan University, Changsha, China

LI Peiwen, Aerospace and Mechanical Engineering, University of Arizona, Arizona, USA

LI Yinshi, Xi'an Jiaotong University, Xi'an, China

LIEN Fue-Sang, Mechanical and mechatronics engineering, University of Waterloo, Waterloo, ON, Canada

LIU Qibin, Institute of Engineering Thermophysics, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing, China

LIU Zhigang, Energy Research Institute, Qilu University of Technology (Shandong Academy of Sciences), Jinan, China

MA Hongbin, Center of Thermal Management, University of Missouri, Columbia, USA

MA Weigang, Tsinghua University, Beijing, China

MING Tingzhen, Wuhan University of Technology, Wuhan, China

OHTA Yutaka, Department of Mechanical Engineering, Waseda University, Tokyo, Japan

PENG Jinqing, Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory, Berkeley, California, the United States

SEUME Joerg R., Institute of Turbomachines and Fluid Dynamics, Leibniz Uni. Hannover, Hannover, Germany

SUN Jie, Xi'an Jiaotong University, Xi'an, China

TALER Jan, Institute of Energy Machines and Devices, Cracow University of Technology, Krakow, Poland

TANG Guihua, Xi'an Jiaotong University, Xi'an, China

TIAN Zhenyu, Institute of Engineering Thermophysics, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing, China

TONG Huiling, Tsinghua University, Beijing, China

TREBINJAC Isabelle, Ecole Centrale Lyon

VALERA-MEDINA Agustin, Cardiff University, UK

WANG Lin, Henan University of Science and Technology, Luoyang, China

WANG Liwei, Shanghai Jiaotong University, Shanghai, China

WILLIAM Paul, University of Leeds, Leeds, UK

WU Yuting, Beijing University of Technology, Beijing, China

XIAO Yunhan, Institute of Engineering Thermophysics, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing, China

YAN Suying, Inner Mongolia University of Technology, Hohhot, China

YANG Ce, Beijing Institute of Technology, Beijing, China

ZHANG Hongwu, Institute of Engineering Thermophysics, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing, China

ZUNINO Pietro, University of Genova, Genova, Italy

Guide for authors

Types of contributions

- Original articles
- Review
- Technical note

Ensure that the following items are present:

One author has been designated as the corresponding author with contact details:

- E-mail address
- Full postal address

All necessary files have been uploaded:

Manuscript:

- Manuscript has been 'spell checked' and 'grammar checked'
- All references mentioned in the Reference List are cited in the text, and vice versa
- Permission has been obtained for use of copyrighted material from other sources (including the Internet)
- Journal policies detailed in this guide have been reviewed
- Line numbering text: Journal follows automatic line numbering system. Authors are requested not to insert manual line numbers to the submission files.
- Figures and tables embedded in text: Ensure all figure and table citations in the text match the

files provided. Please ensure the figures and the tables included in the manuscript are placed next to the relevant text in the manuscript, rather than at the bottom or the top of the file. The corresponding caption should be placed directly below the figure or table.

Cover letter:

Submission of a manuscript must be accompanied by a cover letter that addresses the following questions: What is the novelty of this work? Is the paper appealing to a popular or scientific audience? Why the authors think the paper is important and why the journal should publish it? Has the article been checked by a native tongue speaker with expertise in the field? In addition to answering those questions, the authors should also describe in one or two paragraphs the significance of their work and what new information is described in the manuscript.

Peer review

This journal operates a single blind review process. All contributions will be initially assessed by the editor for suitability for the journal. Papers deemed suitable are then typically sent to a minimum of two independent expert reviewers to assess the scientific quality of the paper. The Editor is responsible for the final decision regarding acceptance or rejection of articles. The Editor's decision is final.

Article structure

Subdivision numbered sections

Divide your article into clearly defined and numbered sections. Subsections should be numbered 1.1 (then 1.1.1, 1.1.2, ...), 1.2, etc. (the abstract is not included in section numbering). Use this numbering also for internal cross-referencing: do not just refer to 'the text'. Any subsection may be given a brief heading. Each heading should appear on its own separate line.

Introduction

State the objectives of the work and provide an adequate background, avoiding a detailed literature survey or a summary of the results.

Material and methods

Provide sufficient details to allow the work to be reproduced by an independent researcher. Methods that are already published should be summarized, and indicated by a reference. If quoting directly from a previously published method, use quotation marks and also cite the source. Any modifications to existing methods should also be described.

Theory/calculation

A Theory section should extend, not repeat, the background to the article already dealt with in the Introduction and lay the foundation for further work. In contrast, a Calculation section represents a practical development from a theoretical basis.

Results

Results should be clear and concise.

Discussion

This should explore the significance of the results of the work, not repeat them. A combined Results and Discussion section is often appropriate. Avoid extensive citations and discussion of published literature.

Conclusions

The main conclusions of the study may be presented in a short Conclusions section, which may stand alone or form a subsection of a Discussion or Results and Discussion section.

Glossary

Please supply, as a separate list, the definitions of field-specific terms used in your article.

Appendices

If there is more than one appendix, they should be identified as A, B, etc. Formulae and equations in appendices should be given separate numbering: Eq. (A.1), Eq. (A.2), etc.; in a subsequent appendix, Eq. (B.1) and so on. Similarly for tables and figures: Table A.1; Fig. A.1, etc.

Essential title page information

- Title. Concise and informative. Titles are often used in information-retrieval systems. Avoid abbreviations and formulae where possible.
- Author names and affiliations. Please clearly indicate the given name(s) and family name(s) of each author and check that all names are accurately spelled. You can add your name between parentheses in your own script behind the English transliteration. Present the authors' affiliation addresses (where the actual work was done) below the names. Indicate all affiliations with a lower-case superscript letter immediately after the author's name and in front of the appropriate address. Provide the full postal address of each affiliation, including the country name and, if available, the e-mail address of each author.
- Corresponding author. Clearly indicate who will handle correspondence at all stages of refereeing and publication, also post-publication. This responsibility includes answering any future queries about Methodology and Materials. Ensure that the e-mail address is given and that contact details are kept up to date by the corresponding author.

Article template:

There is no requirement for specific format. Your paper your way!

Page charge

- After accepted, we will typeset the manuscript. If the total page number is less than/equal to 8 pages, then 500 CNY (60 EUR) per page;
- If the total page number is more than 8 pages, then the fee is $500 \times 8 + 300 \times (\text{page number} - 8)$ CNY or $60 \times 8 + 36 \times (\text{page number} - 8)$ EUR.
- If there are figures to be color-printed, an extra 1000 CNY (120 EUR) is charged for one manuscript.
- The page charge here is for publication, not for open access.

After acceptance

After acceptance, your manuscript will be in production process. The editor will contact you for proofreading. After the proof is approved, the paper will be online. After online, the revision of the manuscript will be almost impossible.

After online, the manuscript can be cited with DOI, but the page number will not be valid until

the final publishing of the entire issue.

At the same time, please download and fill out the documents (Author and invoice information; Copyright Transfer Statement; Confidentiality review - for authors in China) from “Instructions & Forms” on the website “<https://mc03.manuscriptcentral.com/jths>”. Please send them to rkxxb1@iet.cn.

Manuscript processing procedure

In order to understand the manuscript processing procedure, please download the “Manuscript processing procedure” from “Instructions & Forms” on the website “<https://mc03.manuscriptcentral.com/jths>”.

Keyword list for specialty

1: Renewable Energy Resources and Technologies

- 1.1: Biomass and Bioenergy
- 1.2: Solar Energy
 - 1.2.1: Solar radiation and resources assessment
 - 1.2.2: Photovoltaic (PV)
 - 1.2.3: Concentrated solar power (CSP)
 - 1.2.4: Passive and active solar thermal
- 1.3: Wind Energy
 - 1.3.1: Wind resources
 - 1.3.2: Wind for power generation
- 1.4: Hybrid renewable energy systems
 - 1.4.1: solar and wind
 - 1.4.2: solar and biomass
 - 1.4.3: solar and coal
 - 1.4.4: biomass and coal
- 1.5: Other renewable energy
 - 1.5.1: Geothermal
 - 1.5.2: Wave Power
 - 1.5.3: Tidal Power
 - 1.5.4: Ocean Thermal Energy Conversion
 - 1.5.5: Hydro Power
 - 1.5.6: Waste to energy conversion

2: Energy Systems and efficiency Improvement

- 2.1: Energy of industrial systems
 - 2.1.1: waste heat recovery
 - 2.1.2: efficiency improvement of industrial systems
 - 2.1.3: Waste recycle and resource integration
 - 2.1.4 Building energy-saving technology
- 2.2: Transport systems
 - 2.3.1: Engine improvement

- 2.3.2: alternative fuels
- 2.3.3: infrastructure
- 2.3: Energy Conservation in buildings
- 2.4: Distributed energy systems
 - 2.4.1: load management and control
 - 2.4.2: System integration and optimization
 - 2.4.3: operation strategy
 - 2.4.4: District heating/cooling

3: Advanced energy technologies

- 3.1: Fuel cells
- 3.2: hydrogen energy
- 3.3: Energy storage
- 3.4: Heat and mass transfer
- 3.5: Micro- and nano-technologies
- 3.6: Smart grid
- 3.7: heat exchangers
- 3.8: Heat pumps
- 3.9: Refrigeration /cooling
- 3.10: Heat pipe
- 3.11: Electric Vehicles
- 3.12: battery
- 3.13: Thermoelectricity
- 3.14: Micro and portable power generation
- 3.15: other Novel energy technologies

4: Power generation technologies and systems

- 4.1: gas turbines
- 4.2: engines
- 4.3: steam turbine
- 4.4: combine cycles
- 4.5: other power cycles and advanced cycles
- 4.6: polygeneration systems
- 4.7: cogeneration and combined cooling, heating and power (CCHP)
- 4.8: Integrated gasification combined cycle (IGCC)
- 4.9: clean coal technologies
- 4.10: other novel/integrated power generation systems
- 4.11 hybrid cycles

5: Climate change mitigation technologies

- 5.1: carbon capture and storage (CCS)
- 5.2: post combustion capture
- 5.3: pre-combustion capture
- 5.4: oxyfuel combustion
- 5.5: Carbon storage
- 5.6: carbon transport
- 5.7: sorbents for CCS

6: Energy management, policy and economics

- 6.1: energy and sustainable development
- 6.2: energy planning, monitoring and evaluation
- 6.3: energy certificate, labels and standards
- 6.4: carbon trading, carbon emission, Building carbon footprint
- 6.5: institutional, regulations and legal issues
- 6.6: capacity building and dissemination
- 6.7: energy market
- 6.8: Scenarios and Forecasting
- 6.9: Energy finance and investment
- 6.10: energy supply/demand analysis
- 6.11: subsidies and incentives
- 6.12: Energy security
- 6.13: energy economics, climate change policy modeling
- 6.14: energy in developing world

7: Energy Sciences

- 7.1: thermodynamic analysis
- 7.2: second law/exergy analysis
- 7.3: thermo-economic analysis
- 7.4: Life cycle assessments (LCA)
- 7.5: gasification and pyrolysis
- 7.6: decomposition, conversion and synthetization
- 7.7: heat and mass transfer
- 7.8: new materials for energy use
- 7.9: working fluid thermophysical properties

8. Fluid dynamics

- 8.1: Compressor
- 8.2: Turbine
- 8.3: pump
- 8.4: fan
- 8.5: unsteady flow
- 8.6: rotating stall and surge
- 8.7: multiphase flow
- 8.8: numerical simulation
- 8.9: experimental study
- 8.10: active control and passive control

9. Combustion

- 9.1: Combustion Kinetics
- 9.2: Heterogeneous Combustion
- 9.3: Combustion Diagnostics
- 9.4: Turbulent Combustion
- 9.5: Combustion in Engine
- 9.6: Coal Combustion

9.7: Biofuel combustion

9.8: Fire and flame

10: Environmental impacts of energy systems

10.1: SO_x reduction

10.2: NO_x Emissions

10.3: Particulate

10.4: Water issues

10.5: Ash

10.6: Toxic and hazardous pollutants

10.7: Multi-pollutants emissions

Journal of Thermal Science

Editor-in-Chief: Zhu, J. - Deputy Editor-in-Chief: Chen, H.

- Executive Editor-in-Chief: Zhang, N.

ISSN: 1003-2169 (print version)

ISSN: 1993-033X (electronic version)

Journal no. 11630